

Course Agenda

Crash Dump Analysis 2015/2016



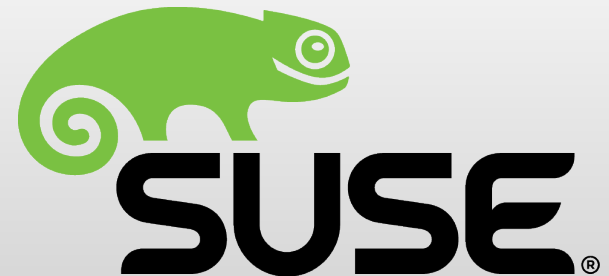
CHARLES UNIVERSITY IN PRAGUE

faculty of mathematics and physics

Department of
Distributed and
Dependable
Systems



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Motivation

- **Goal**

- Explain what is the right debugging tool when an application or the kernel crashes

- **Observation**

- `printf()` is usually not the right tool

Motivation (2)

- **More observations**

- System can crash even in production

- We cannot alter the binary and run it again

- We have to investigate **post mortem**

- Using the record of the memory layout in the time of the crash (**crash dump**)

- It is not wise to reinvent the wheel

- We will see some **well-proven tools** and **best practices**

- Some degree of **low-level programming knowledge** is required

Course Outline

- **Basic low-level programming**
 - Processor architectures, assembler, stack, ABI
 - IA-32, AMD64, SPARC V9
- **Basic system debugging tools**
 - Solaris, Linux, Windows
 - mdb, gdb, crash, WinDbg
- **Core files, crash dumps**
 - How to analyze them

Course Outline (2)

- **Common causes of crashes**
 - Memory corruption
 - Deadlock
 - Lockup
- **Dynamic tracing tools**
 - DTrace, SystemTap
- **System diagnostics tools**
 - ABRT

Expected Knowledge

- **Basic C language**
 - *Programming in C++* course should be more than sufficient
- **Basic low-level programming**
 - *Principles of Computers* course should be more than sufficient
- **User-level UNIX knowledge**
 - *Introduction to UNIX* course should be more than sufficient
- **Basic technical English**
 - For the slides, literature, tools and manuals

Practical

- **Lectures**

- Thursdays 10:40 – 12:10 in lecture hall **S9**

- **Tutorials / Labs**

- Thursdays 12:20 – 15:30 in lab **SU1**
 - Physical capacity is limited to about 15 students
 - Make sure your u-lab account is working
 - Or you can bring your own laptop
 - Make sure you have Internet connection

Practical (2)

● Current lecturers

- Martin Děcký – martin.decky@d3s.mff.cuni.cz
- Jiří Svoboda – jiri.svoboda@oracle.com
- Tomáš Jedlička – tomas.jedlicka@oracle.com
- Petr Muller – muller@redhat.com
- Martin Čermák – mcermak@redhat.com
- Jakub Filák – jfilak@redhat.com
- Vlastimil Babka – vbabka@suse.cz
- Michal Hocko – mhocko@suse.cz

● Past contributors

- Jakub Jermář (Oracle/Avast)
- Vítězslav Bátorla (Oracle)
- Vineeth Pillai (Oracle)

Practical (3)

- **Web**

- Slides, practical information, news
- <http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz/cda>



Grading

- **Labs credit**

- No lab attendance required
 - But strongly recommended
- Passing a **practical test**
 - Typical assignment: Identify a root cause of a crash from a crash dump
 - At the end of the semester (2 tries)

- **Exam**

- Passing a **written test**
 - Questions available on the web (3 terms)

Resources

- **Lectures and labs**

- Most important hands-on experience
- **Note:** The slides serve just as an outline

- **Literature**

- **Frank Hofmann:** *The Solaris Operating System on x86 Platforms, Crashdump Analysis, Operating System Internals*
 - <http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz/cda/ref/book.pdf>

Resources (2)

- **Literature (cont.)**

- **Igor Ljubuncic: *Linux Kernel Crash Book***
 - [Link](#)
- **Chris Drake, Kimberley Brown: *PANIC! UNIX System Crash Dump Analysis Handbook***
 - Useful general reference

Resources (3)

- **Literature (cont.)**

- **Richard McDougall, Jim Mauro, Brendan Gregg:**
Solaris Performance and Tools: DTrace and MDB Techniques for Solaris 10 and OpenSolaris
 - Dynamic tracing and core dump analysis using mdb

Resources (4)

● References

- *Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual, Volume 2*
 - IA-32 and AMD64 instruction set reference
 - [Link](#)
- *SPARC Assembly Language Reference Manual, Appendix E SPARC-V9 Instruction Set*
 - SPARC V9 instruction set reference
 - [Link](#)

Disclaimer

- **Your mileage may vary**
 - Different operating systems have different levels of support for crash dump analysis and observability
 - This course tries to explain the general principles
 - But sometimes we just need to demonstrate those principles in action
 - Therefore we primarily use Solaris and Fedora (on IA-32, AMD64 and SPARC V9)
 - It is up to you to translate the general principles and concrete examples to your favorite platform
 - We welcome any constructive suggestions