

Monitoring: Runtime Behavior & Software Development Process

<http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz>

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CHARLES UNIVERSITY IN PRAGUE

faculty of mathematics and physics

Monitoring runtime behavior



Monitoring runtime behavior



- Goals
 - Recording information about program behavior
 - Notification about specific important events
- Information: performance, security, exceptions
- Target domain: long-running programs
 - Application servers (JBoss, Tomcat, WebSphere, ...)
 - Network servers and daemons (Apache, Sendmail)
- Alternative name: **tracing**

Basic approaches



- Manual implementation of logging commands
- Using tools for automated runtime monitoring

Tools



- Unix-like platforms
 - *Syslog, strace, ltrace, DTrace*
- Java ecosystem
 - *Log4j 2, Java Logging API, JVisualVM, JVM TI*
- Windows/.NET
 - *Log4net, NLog, Process Explorer*
- Events: custom messages, system calls, library calls
- Output: text log files (off-line inspection), GUI

Log4j



- Popular logging framework for Java platform
 - <http://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/>
- Features
 - Hierarchy of loggers based on class names
 - Filtering messages based on logging levels
 - Dynamically updateable configuration (XML)
 - Multiple output destinations (console, file)
 - Formatting log messages (printf-style, HTML)

Log4j API: example



```
import org.apache.logging.log4j.LogManager;  
import org.apache.logging.log4j.Logger;  
  
// get a Logger object with a particular name  
Logger logger = LogManager.getLogger("cz.cuni.mff");  
  
logger.warn("Running out of disk space");  
...  
logger.error("File {} not found", f.getName());  
...  
logger.info("Something normal happened");
```

Using Log4j



- Levels
 - TRACE < DEBUG < INFO < WARN < ERROR < FATAL
- Logger objects
 - Identified by logical names (e.g., Java class names)
 - They make a hierarchy based on the name prefixes
 - Logger named “cz.cuni” is a parent for the Logger “cz.cuni.mff”
 - Inheriting configuration (levels, appenders, formatting pattern)
 - Root Logger always exists at the top of any custom hierarchy
- Configuration: **XML**, programmatic
 - Default file name `log4j2.xml` (must be on classpath)

Configuration: example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Configuration>
    <Appenders>
        <Console name="konzole" target="SYSTEM_OUT">
            <PatternLayout pattern="%d{HH:mm:ss} %-5level %c{36} - %m%n"/>
        </Console>
        <File name="logfile" fileName="test.log">
            <PatternLayout pattern="%d{HH:mm:ss} %-5level %c{36} - %m%n"/>
        </File>
    </Appenders>
    <Loggers>
        <Logger name="cz.cuni.mff" level="info">
            <AppenderRef ref="konzole"/>
        </Logger>
        <Root level="error">
            <AppenderRef ref="logfile"/>
        </Root>
    </Loggers>
</Configuration>
```

Appenders



- Responsible for writing log messages to actual target destinations
- Supported targets
 - Console (stdout, stderr)
 - File (buffered, appending)
 - Database (via JDBC)
 - SMTP (sending emails)
 - Network socket (TCP, UDP)
 - Unix/Linux syslog service

Layout



- Purpose: formatting messages
- Available layouts
 - Pattern
 - %m // message text
 - %n // line separator
 - %-5level // level, justified to the right, width five chars
 - %d{HH:mm:ss} // current datetime with pattern
 - %c{20} // logger name with the maximal length
 - %C %M %L // class name, method name, line number
 - %t // thread name
 - HTML, XML, Syslog

Tracing control flow



```
public Object doSomething(int arg1) {  
    logger.entry(arg1);  
    try {  
        ...  
        Object res = ...  
    }  
    catch (Exception ex) {  
        logger.catching(ex)  
    }  
    logger.exit(res);  
}
```

Log4j: other features



- Filtering messages
 - markers, regular expression, time
- Automatic reconfiguration
 - if you update the XML configuration file at runtime

Logging platforms for .NET (C#, VB)



- Log4net
 - <http://logging.apache.org/log4net/index.html>
- NLog
 - <http://nlog-project.org/>
 - <https://github.com/NLog/NLog/wiki>
- Features
 - Configuration: file (XML), programmatic (API)
 - Multiple targets (file, database, console, email)
 - Layouts (plain text, CSV, XML, JSON)

Task 1



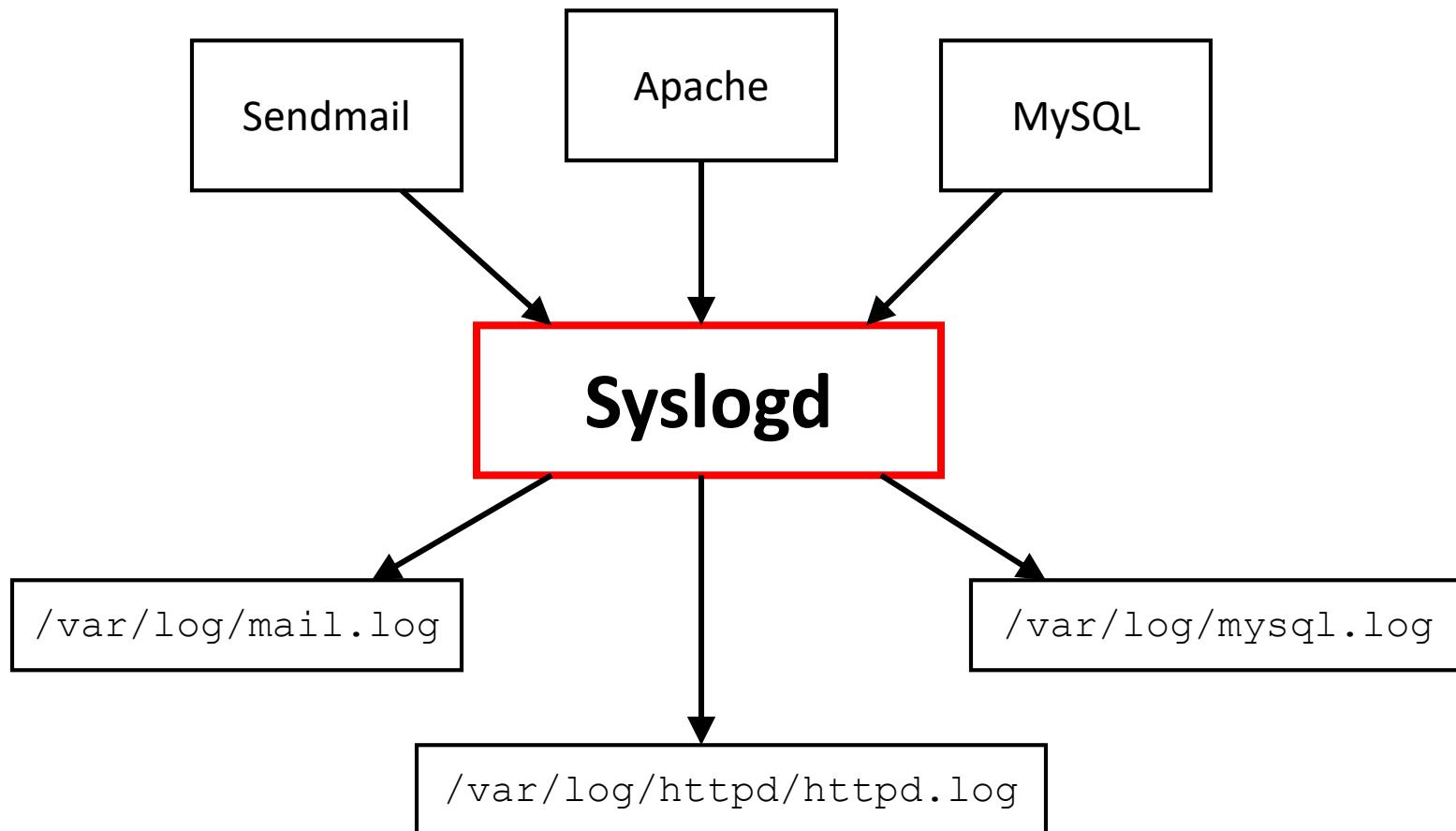
- Download Log4j/Log4net from the web
 - <http://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/>
 - Only important JAR files: core, api
 - <http://logging.apache.org/log4net/>
- Write simple program in Java or C#
 - You can also take some existing program (anywhere)
- Try important features of the particular logging framework
 - Use several Loggers
 - Different log levels
 - Configuration (XML)
 - Tracing control flow
- Check the output (console, log files)

Syslog



- Standard logging framework for Unix-like systems
- Service
 - Collecting messages from different sources (applications)
 - Writing received messages to various output destinations
 - log files (`/var/log`), another computer over network
 - Configuration: `/etc/syslog.conf`, `/etc/rsyslog.conf`
 - Log rotation: `/var/log/messages`, `/var/log/messages.1`, ...
- Protocol
 - Format of data exchanged between applications and the service
 - Message: content (plaintext, < 1024 bytes), priority
 - Supported priorities (low to high)
 - debug, info, notice, warning, error, critical, alert, emergency
 - Definition: RFC 3164, 3195

Configuration: example



Syslog API: example



```
#include <syslog.h>

openlog("myprog", LOG_CONS | LOG_PID, LOG_USER);

syslog(LOG_NOTICE, "Program runs for %d hours", 2);
syslog(LOG_ERROR, "File %s does not exist", fname);

closelog();
```

strace



- Tool for monitoring interactions with the operating system kernel
 - System calls performed by the given program
 - Signals received by the given program from OS
- Available for Unix-like platforms
- Usage: strace <program>
 - Attaching to a running process: strace -p <pid>
- Output: list of system calls and signals

```
open("/etc/passwd", O_RDONLY) = 3
```

```
open("/etc/passwords", O_RDONLY) = -1 ENOENT (No such file)
```



Task 2

- Try using
 - strace (syscalls)
 - ltrace (libraries)
- Check output

JConsole & JVisualVM



- Available in Oracle JDK
- Key features
 - Provides useful information
 - CPU usage, memory consumption, threads
 - Nice graphical interface
 - Connection to remote JVM
- How to run it: `jconsole / jvisualvm`
- Live demo
 - [http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz/teaching/software development tools/files/jpf-elevator.tgz](http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz/teaching/software_development_tools/files/jpf-elevator.tgz)

Monitoring tools for C#/.NET



- .NET Memory Profiler
 - [https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?item
Name=SciTechSoftware.NETMemoryProfiler](https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=SciTechSoftware.NETMemoryProfiler)
- dotMemory
 - <https://www.jetbrains.com/dotmemory/>

Windows Sysinternals



- Process Explorer
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/cz-skorosky/synternals/downloads/process-explorer>
 - Displays information about running processes
- Process Monitor
 - <https://docs.microsoft.com/cz-skorosky/synternals/downloads/procmon>
 - Displays some live (real-time) process activity

Other monitoring tools



- Instrumentation (binary, source code)
- Notification about specific events
 - accesses to object fields and variables
 - locking (acquisition, release, attempts)
 - procedure calls (e.g., user-defined list)
- Pin: dynamic binary instrumentation tool
 - <https://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/pintool>
- JVM Tool Interface (TI)
 - <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/platform/jvmti/jvmti.html>
- Valgrind: heavyweight dynamic binary translation
- DiSL (<https://disl.ow2.org/bin/view/Main/>)

Log analysis tools



- Elasticsearch + Logstash
 - <https://www.elastic.co/>
- LOGalyze
 - <http://www.logalyze.com/>
- Splunk
 - <https://www.splunk.com/>
- Azure Monitor (Application Insights)
 - <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/monitor/>

Monitoring development process



Issue tracking systems



- Typically part of a project management system
 - <https://github.com/>, <https://bitbucket.org/>
- Popular systems
 - Bugzilla, Trac, JIRA, YouTrack
- Components
 - Some database of known issues
 - User interface (WWW, desktop)

Bug characteristics



- Time of reporting
- Product (module)
- Version of the product
- Severity of the bug
 - blocker, critical, major, normal, minor, enhancement
- Platform (OS, HW, SW)
- Textual comments
- Current status
 - new, unconfirmed, assigned, fixed, wontfix, resolved
- Assigned to
 - Who should fix the bug

Lifecycle of a bug

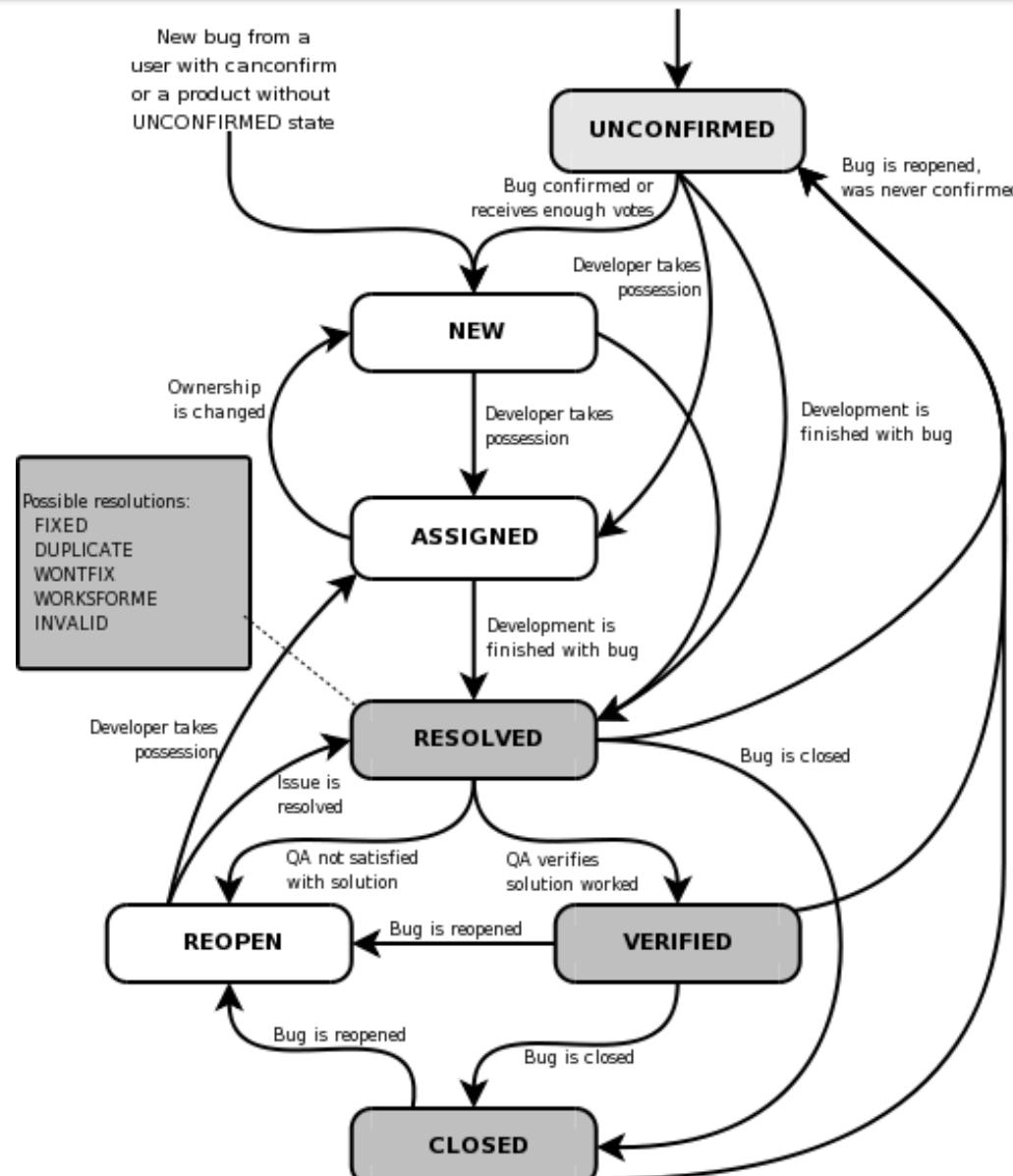


Figure taken from
<http://www.bugzilla.org/docs>



Common actions



- Developer
 - Entering new bug reports
 - Search for assigned bugs
 - Changing status of a bug
- Manager
 - Inspecting overall statistics
 - Look for unresolved bugs
 - Assign priorities to features

Bugzilla



- Web-based tool
 - <http://www.bugzilla.org>
- SW requirements
 - Database (MySQL, PostgreSQL)
 - Perl 5 with specific modules
 - Web server (e.g., Apache httpd)
- Features
 - Advanced queries
 - Boolean operators (and, or, not)
 - Saved search
 - Cloning of bugs
- Test installation
 - <http://landfill.bugzilla.org/>



- Project management system
 - <http://trac.edgewall.org/>
- Features
 - Tracking issues (bugs, feature requests)
 - Good integration with version control
 - Supported tools: Subversion, Mercurial, Git
 - Links from bug reports to source code files
 - Source code browser (version control)
 - Wiki pages (e.g., for documentation)

Test coverage



- Criteria: statement, branch, path
- Mutation testing
 - Detects missing tests
- Fault injection
- Practice: achieving 100% coverage is hard

Test coverage – tools



- Mutation testing and fault injection
 - Jester (<http://jester.sourceforge.net>)
 - Jumble (<http://jumble.sourceforge.net/>)
 - PIT (<http://pitest.org/>)
 - Major (<http://mutation-testing.org/>)
 - Nester (<http://nester.sourceforge.net/>)
 - NinjaTurtles (<http://www.mutation-testing.net/>)
- Coverage analysis
 - Cobertura (<http://cobertura.sourceforge.net/>)
 - Clover (<http://www.atlassian.com/software/clover/>)
 - dotCover (<https://www.jetbrains.com/dotcover/>)
 - Support in Visual Studio (Test Explorer)

Continuous integration



- Frequent merge, building, and test execution
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Continuous_integration
- Jenkins (<http://jenkins-ci.org/>)
- Cruise Control (<http://cruisecontrol.sourceforge.net/>)
- TeamCity (<http://www.jetbrains.com/teamcity/>)
- Travis CI (<https://travis-ci.org/>)
- AppVeyor (<https://www.appveyor.com/>)

Other links



- Syslog
 - http://www.gnu.org/software/libc/manual/html_node/Syslog.html
- DTrace
 - <http://dtrace.org/blogs/about/>
- JConsole
 - <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/technotes/guides/management/jconsole.html>
- Swiss Java Knife
 - <https://github.com/aragozin/jvm-tools>
- YouTrack
 - <https://www.jetbrains.com/youttrack/>
- JIRA
 - <https://www.atlassian.com/software/jira>

Homework



- Assignment
 - <http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz/~parizek/teaching/sdt/>
- Deadline
 - 10.12.2018 / 11.12.2018